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1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product Identity Gel No.1

Alternate Names Product Class: Topcoat,

Product Trade name: Good Stuff

Product Code: #V-17

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended useSee Technical Data Sheet.Application MethodSee Technical Data Sheet.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name Coating Development Group, Inc.

P.O. Box 14817

Schiller & Allen Streets

Philadelphia, PA 19134-4817

Emergency

CHEMTREC (USA) (800) 424-9300

Customer Service: Coating Development Group, Inc. (215) 426-6216 / (215) 426-6219

2. Hazard identification of the product

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 3;H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

Skin Sens. 1;H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Carc. 2;H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

STOT RE 1:H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Specific Target

Organs: (central nervous system)

2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.



Danger

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H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

[Prevention]:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

P235 Keep cool.

P240 Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

[Response]:

P301+310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P302+352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P308+313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.

P314 Get Medical advice / attention if you feel unwell.

P321 Specific treatment (see information on this label).

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P333+313 If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370+378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media listed in section 5 of SDS for extinction.

[Storage]:

P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

[Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

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3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Stoddard solvent CAS Number: 0008052-41-3	52.20	STOT RE 1;H372 Asp. Tox. 1;H304	[1][2]
Cobalt compounds (as Co) CAS Number: 0007440-48-4	0.25	Resp. Sens. 1;H334 Skin Sens. 1;H317 Aquatic Chronic 4;H413	[1][2]
2-Butanone oxime CAS Number: 0000096-29-7	0.22	Carc. 2;H351 Acute Tox. 4;H312 Eye Dam. 1;H318 Skin Sens. 1;H317	[1]

^[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give

artificial respiration. If unconscious place in the recovery position and obtain immediate

medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.

Eyes Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and

seek medical attention.

Skin Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a

recognized skin cleanser.

Ingestion If swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Overview

Inhalation: Irritating to respiratory tract. Prolonged or repeated breathing of very high vapor concentrations may cause euphoria, excitation, and dizziness, headaches, nausea, and vomiting, abdominal pain, fatigue, muscular weakness. Aspiration into the lungs can cause CNS(central nervous system) and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pulmonary edema and chemical pneumonia depression. Chronic overexposure in high concentrations may produce CNS depression. May cause irritation to the nose, throat and upper respiratory tract.

Ingestion: Swallowing large amounts may be harmful. Irritation of the mouth, esophagus and stomach can develop following ingestion. Symptoms include burning of the mouth, sore throat, vomiting, nausea, dizziness, loss of consciousness. Due to its light viscosity, there is danger of aspiration into the lungs during vomiting. Aspiration can result in severe lung

^[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

^[3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.
*The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

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damage or death.

Skin Contact: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause moderate irritation including itching and redness of the skin, defatting, and/or dermatitis. This product can also be absorbed through the skin and could produce CNS symptoms, but it is unlikely that this would result in harmful effects during safe handling and use.

Effects of long-term (chronic) exposure: Chronic effects of ingestion and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pneumatocele (lung cavity) formation and chronic lung dysfunction.

Possible cancer hazard. Contains an ingredient which may cause cancer based on animal data (See Section 3 and Section 15 for each ingredient). Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage. See section 2 for further details.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Recommended extinguishing media; alcohol resistant foam, CO_2 , powder, water spray.

Do not use; water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

Keep cool.

Skin

Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Keep personnel removed from and upwind of fire. Wear full fire-fighting turn-out gear (full bunker gear), and respiratory protection (SCBA). Cool container with water spray.

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6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials, such as sawdust.

Eliminate all ignition sources, use explosion-proof equipment. The very fine particles can cause fire or explosion. Vacuum or sweep material and place in a disposal container. Obey all local, state, and federal laws regarding chemical spills.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid prolonged skin contact. Do not breathe spray mist. Emptied containers may retain hazardous properties. Do not cut, puncture or weld on or near the container.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Naked flames and smoking should not be permitted in storage areas. It is recommended that fork lift trucks and electrical equipment are protected to the appropriate standard.

Incompatible materials: Strong acids, alkalis, and oxidizers such as liquid chlorine, halogens, hydrogen peroxide, oxygen.

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Store away from high temperatures, sparks and flames. Ground containers while pouring and limit free fall to a few inches to prevent static sparks. Avoid spontaneous combustion of contaminated rags and other easily ignitable organic accumulations (such as spray booth residues) by immediate immersion in water. Store large quantities only in buildings designed to comply with OSHA 1910.106.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

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8. Exposure controls and personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0000096-29-7	2-Butanone oxime	OSHA	No Established Limit
	ACGIH	No Established Limit	
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0007440-48-4 Cobalt compounds (as Co)	OSHA	TWA 0.1 mg/m3	
		ACGIH	TWA: 0.02 mg/m32B
	NIOSH	TWA 0.05 mg/m3	
	Supplier	No Established Limit	
0008052-41-3 Stoddard solvent	OSHA	TWA 500 ppm (2900 mg/m3)	
		ACGIH	TWA: 290 mg/m3STEL: 580 mg/m3
		NIOSH	TWA 350 mg/m3 C 1800 mg/m3 [15-minute]
			No Established Limit

Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0000096-29-7 2-Butanone oxime		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
			Known: No; Suspected: No
	IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;	
0007440-48-4 Cobalt compounds (as Co)	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: Yes	
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: Yes; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;
0008052-41-3 Stoddard solvent		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;

8.2. Exposure controls

Respiratory Provide adequate ventilation. If TLV of the product is exceeded, a NIOSH/MSHA jointly

approved self-contained breathing apparatus with a full face-piece operated in pressure

demand or other positive pressure mode is advised.

Eyes Chemical splash goggles in compliance with OSHA regulations are advised.

Skin Wear overalls to keep skin contact to a minimum. Wear resistant gloves such as Buna-N

(nitrile rubber).

Engineering Controls Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the

use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits

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suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Other Work Practices To prevent prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots. Maintain an

eyewash facility and an emergency shower. Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and

wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Amber Liquid
Odor Light petroleum
Odor threshold Not Measured
pH Not Measured
Melting point / freezing point Not Measured

Initial boiling point and boiling range 277-398F (136.11-203.33C)
Flash Point 100F / 37.78C (Setaflash)

Evaporation rate (Ether = 1) 0.07 times slower than n-Butyl Acetate

Flammability (solid, gas) Not Applicable

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Lower Explosive Limit: Not Measured

Upper Explosive Limit: Not Measured

Vapor pressure (Pa)Not MeasuredVapor DensityHeavier than air

Specific Gravity

O.87666

Solubility in Water

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

Viscosity (cSt)

Not Measured

Volatiles (% by weight) 53.9%

% Volatile 61.07% by volume

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information.

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

10.2. Chemical stability

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Stable under normal circumstances.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Excessive heat and open flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids, alkalis, and oxidizers such as liquid chlorine, halogens, hydrogen peroxide, oxygen.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LD50, ppm
Stoddard solvent - (8052-41-3)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Cobalt compounds (as Co) - (7440-48-4)	6,171.00, Rat - Category: NA	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
2-Butanone oxime - (96-29-7)	930.00, Rat - Category: 4	2,000.00, Rabbit - Category: 4	20.00, Rat - Category: 4	No data available	5,000.00, Rat - Category: 4

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation		Not Applicable

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Serious eye damage/irritation		Not Applicable		
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable		
Skin sensitization	1	May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable		
Carcinogenicity	2	Suspected of causing cancer.		
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable		
STOT-single exposure		Not Applicable		
STOT-repeated exposure	1	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable		

12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life.

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
Stoddard solvent - (8052-41-3)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Cobalt compounds (as Co) - (7440-48-4)	100.00, Danio rerio	Not Available	0.05 (72 hr), Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
2-Butanone oxime - (96-29-7)	320.00, Leuciscus idus	500.00, Daphnia magna	83.00 (72 hr), Scenedesmus subspicatus

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

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13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

14. Transport information

DOT (Domestic Surface

IMO / IMDG (Ocean

ICAO/IATA

Transportation)

Transportation)

14.2. UN proper shipping

UN1263

Paint

Ш

UN1263 Paint

name

UN1263, Paint, 3, III

IMDG: 3

UN1263

Air Class: 3

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

DOT Hazard Class: 3 DOT Label: 3

14.4. Packing group

14.1. UN number

Sub Class: Not Applicable

Ш

14.5. Environmental hazards

IMDG Marine Pollutant: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

No further information

Ш

15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected

regulations are represented.

Toxic Substance

All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA

Control Act (TSCA) Inventory. **WHMIS Classification** B3 D2A

US EPA Tier II Hazards Fire: Yes

Sudden Release of Pressure: No

Reactive: No

Immediate (Acute): Yes Delayed (Chronic): Yes

EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Cobalt compounds (as Co)

Ethyl Benzene

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Manganese dimethyldithiocarbamate

Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

Cobalt compounds (as Co)

Ethyl Benzene

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

N.J. RTK Substances (>1%):

Stoddard solvent

Penn RTK Substances (>1%):

Stoddard solvent

16. Other information

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H334 May cause allergic or asthmatic symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.

The information contained herein applies only to the material identified on this MSDS. The data presented in these sheets are based on information provided by the suppliers of the raw materials and chemicals used in the manufacture of this product and is accurate to the best of our knowledge at the date of issue of this MSDS. Coating Development Group, Inc. makes no warranty with respect to the accuracy of the information provided by its suppliers and disclaims all liability of reliance thereon. Coating Development Group, Inc. warrants only that its products conform to their published specifications. We do not guarantee favorable results and we assume no liability in connection with the use of this product. Final determination of the use of this product is the sole responsibility of the user. Although certain hazards are described herein, it cannot be guaranteed that these are the only hazards that exist. All chemicals may present unknown health hazards and should be used with caution. Read all labels.

End of Document